



equinor

WELCOME TO THE

Bay du Nord

PUBLIC INFORMATION SESSIONS

June 22, 2026 | Virtual



Nice to meet you



Jim Beresford
Vice President



Dave Ralph
Operations & Maintenance



Peter Madden
Industrial Benefits



Colin Moores
Safety & Sustainability



Jonathan Fleming
Subsurface



Curtis Christensen
Technical



Shannon Willcott
Drilling



Today's session

About us

Development approach

Benefits plan

What's next

Q&A



About us

ABOUT US

DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

BENEFITS PLAN

WHAT'S NEXT

Q&A



Equinor: Who we are

PURPOSE

Energy for people.
Progress for society.
Searching for better.

SAFETY

Keeping our
people safe

VALUES

Guiding our
behaviour

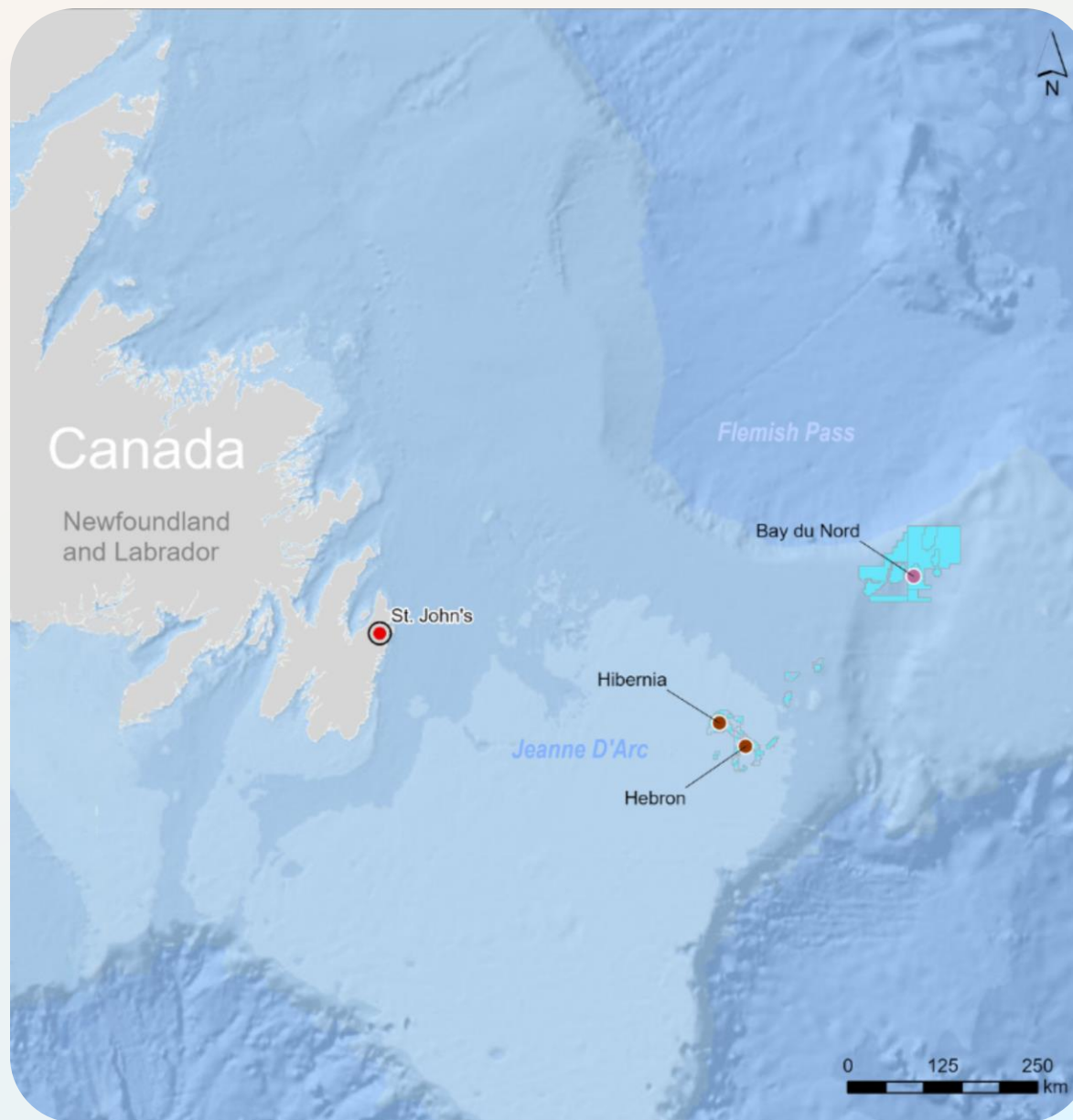
ETHICS & COMPLIANCE

Always doing the
right things



30 years in Canada

- St. John's, NL office since 1996
- Offshore CAN-NL interest holder
- 18+ years of exploring offshore NL



From discovery to development readiness



- **1996**
Acquired assets in
Hibernia & Hebron
- **2009**
First discovery
in Flemish Pass
- **2013**
Harpoon and Bay
du Nord discoveries
- **2016**
Baccalieu discovery
- **2020**
Cappahayden and
Cambriol discoveries
- **2023**
Bay du Nord
reshape
- **2024**
Concept select
- **2026**
Development plan
application



Development approach

ABOUT US

DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

BENEFIT'S PLAN

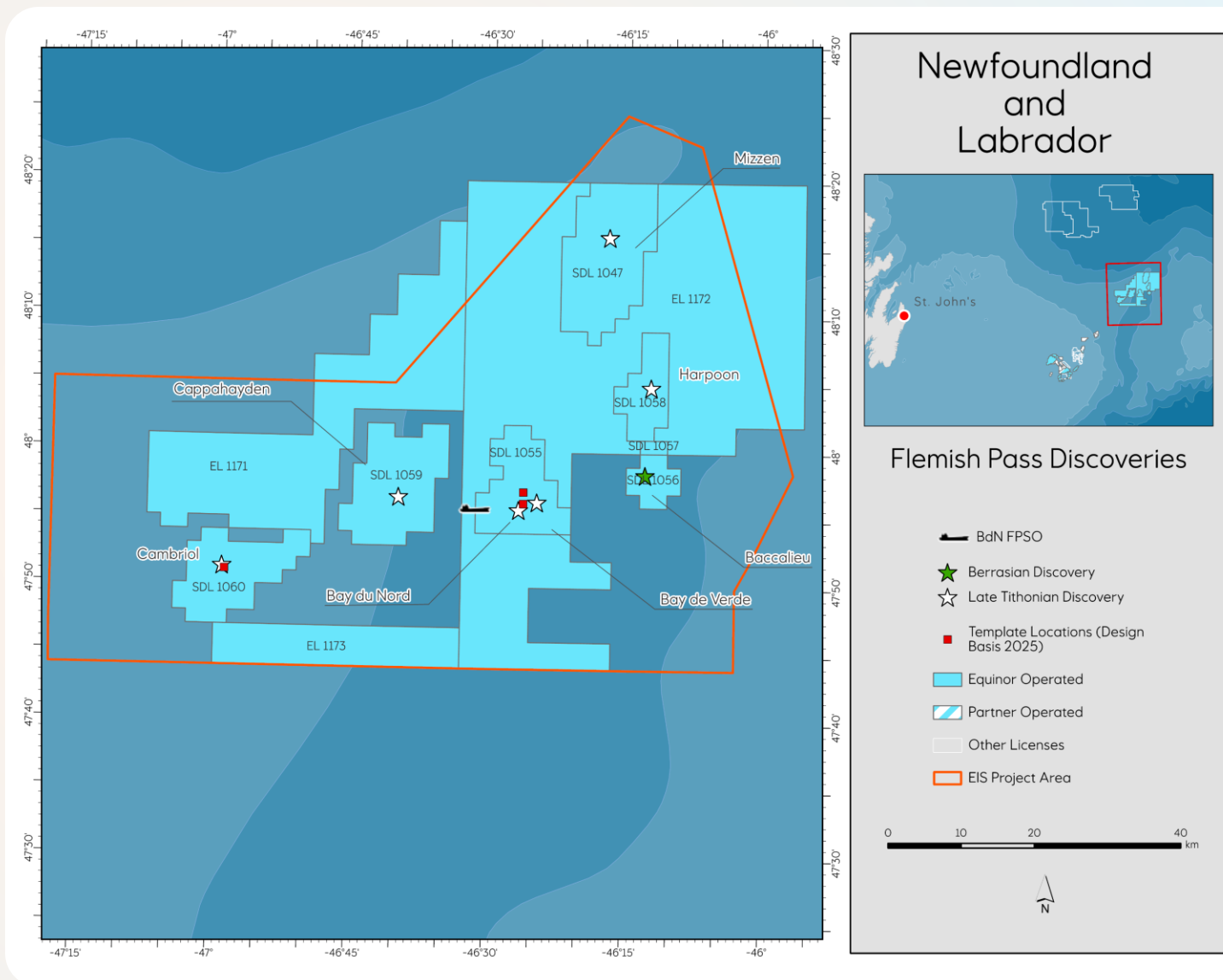
WHAT'S NEXT

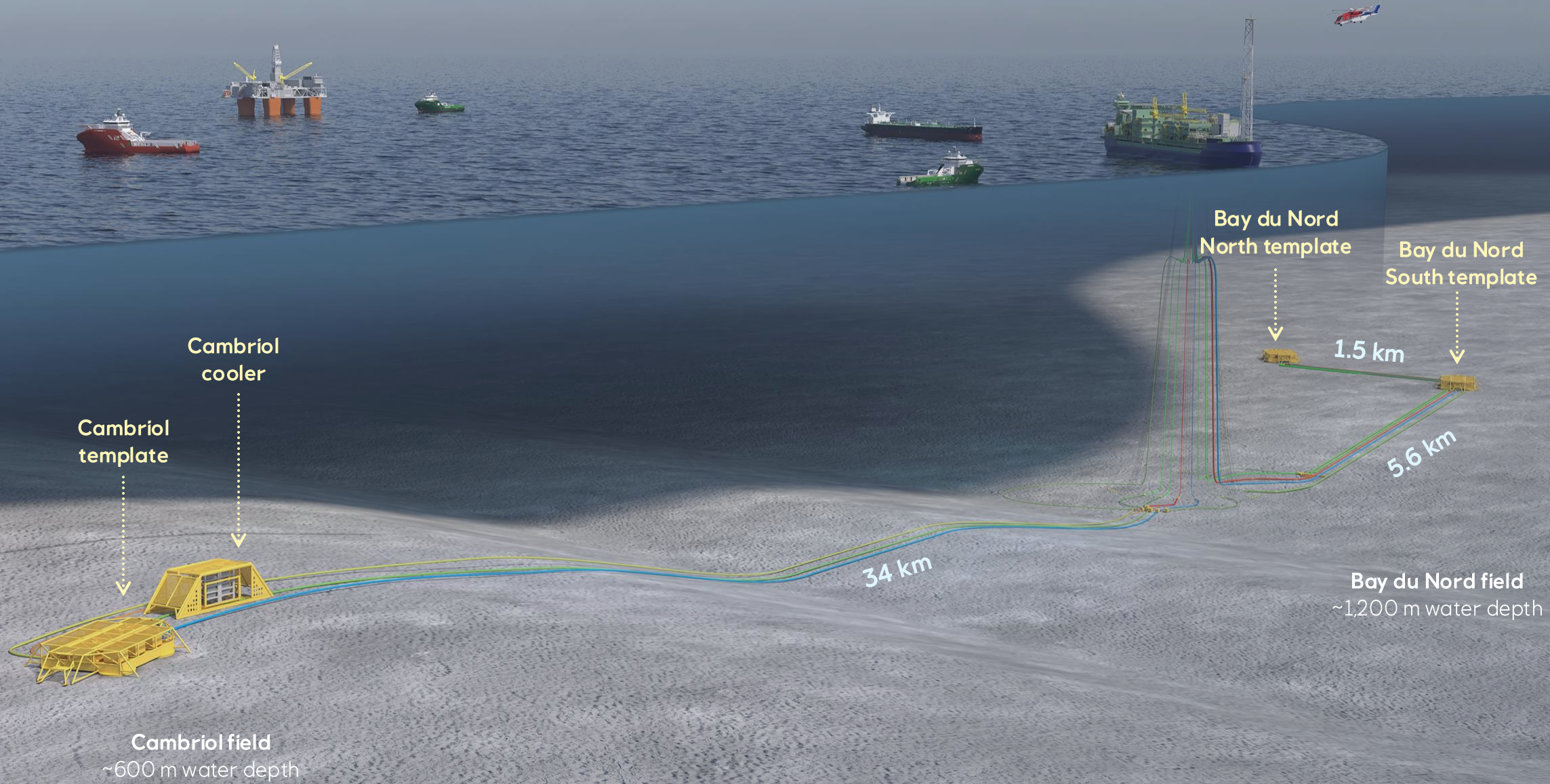
Q&A

Atlantic Ocean



- Flemish Pass Basin
- ~475 km northeast of St. John's
- Initial phase includes two fields
- Proposed locations of key surface and subsea infrastructure

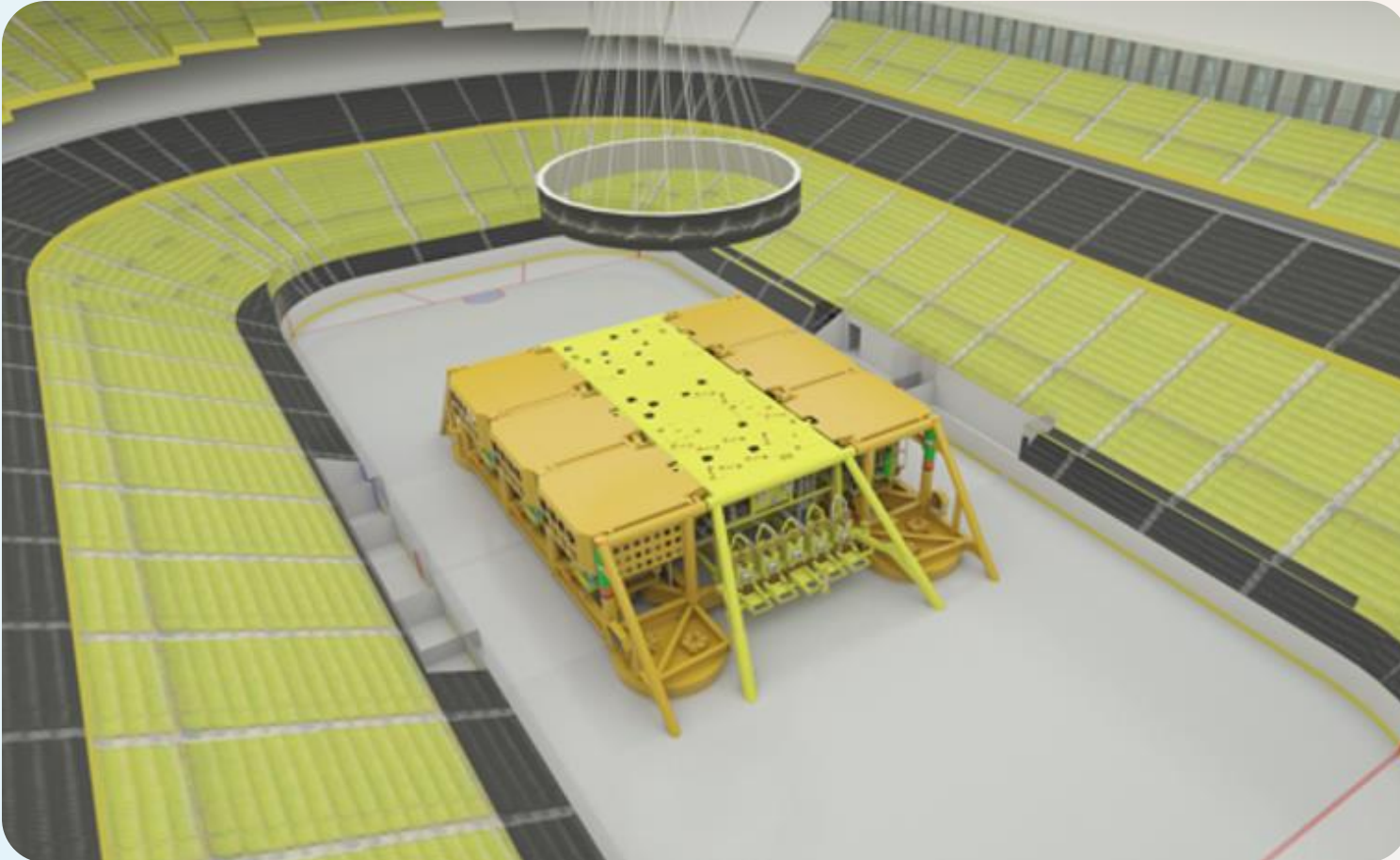






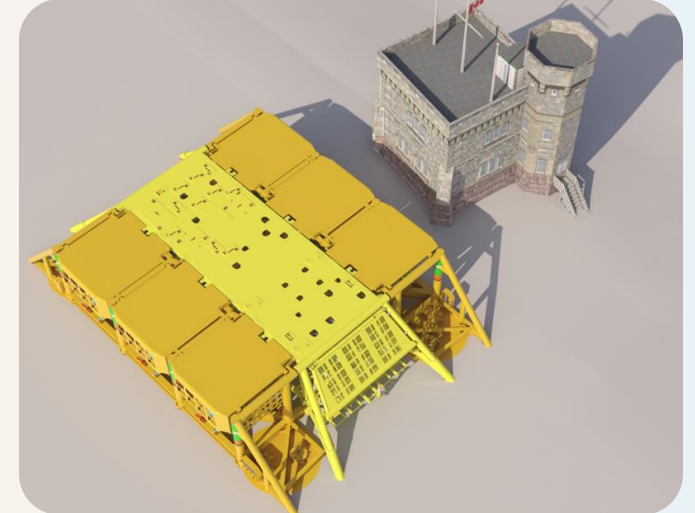


MARY BROWN'S CENTRE

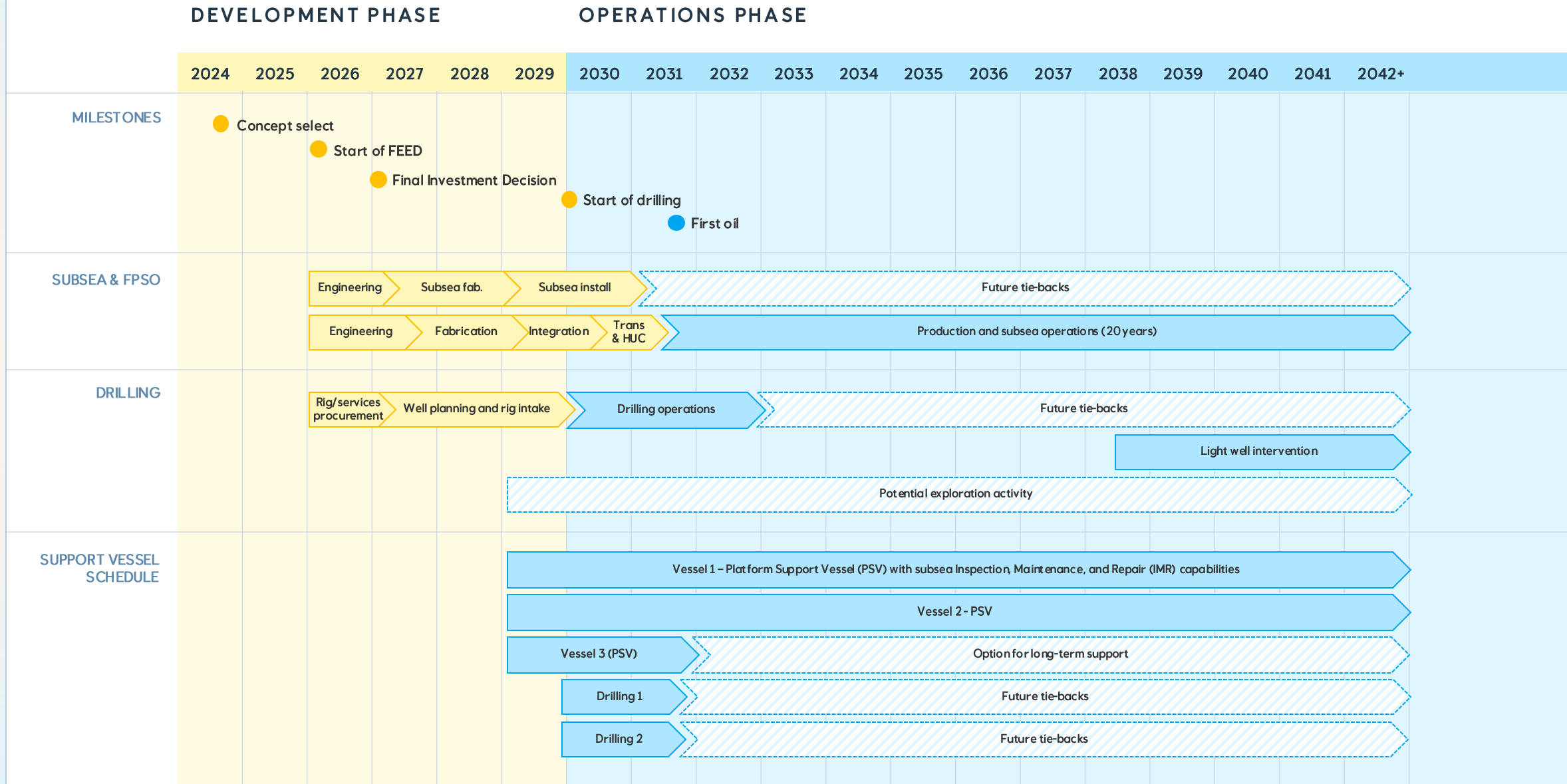


Credit: Subsea Integration Alliance (SIA)

CABOT TOWER AT SIGNAL HILL



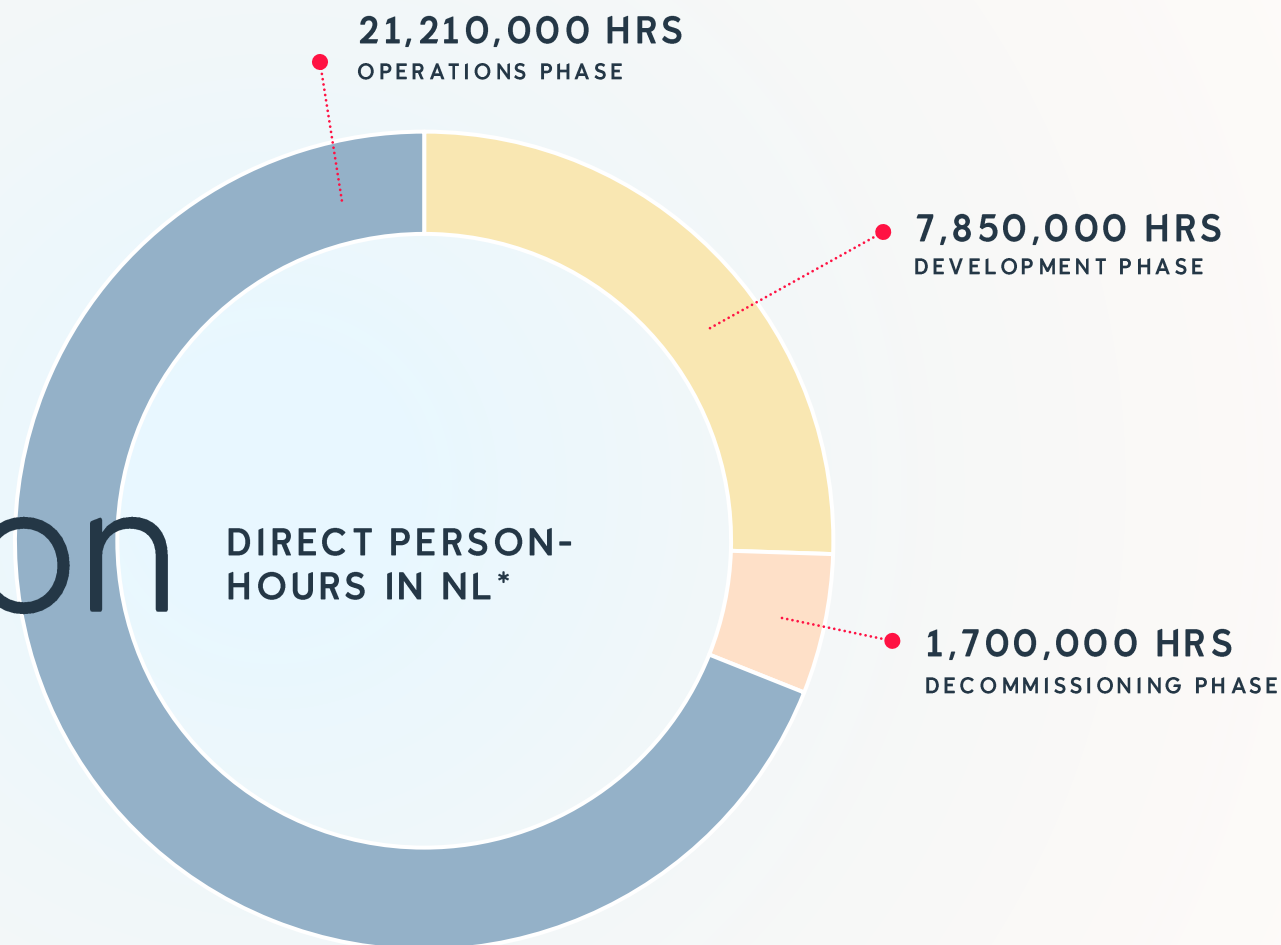
Credit: Subsea Integration Alliance (SIA)





Long-term work in Newfoundland & Labrador

~31 Million



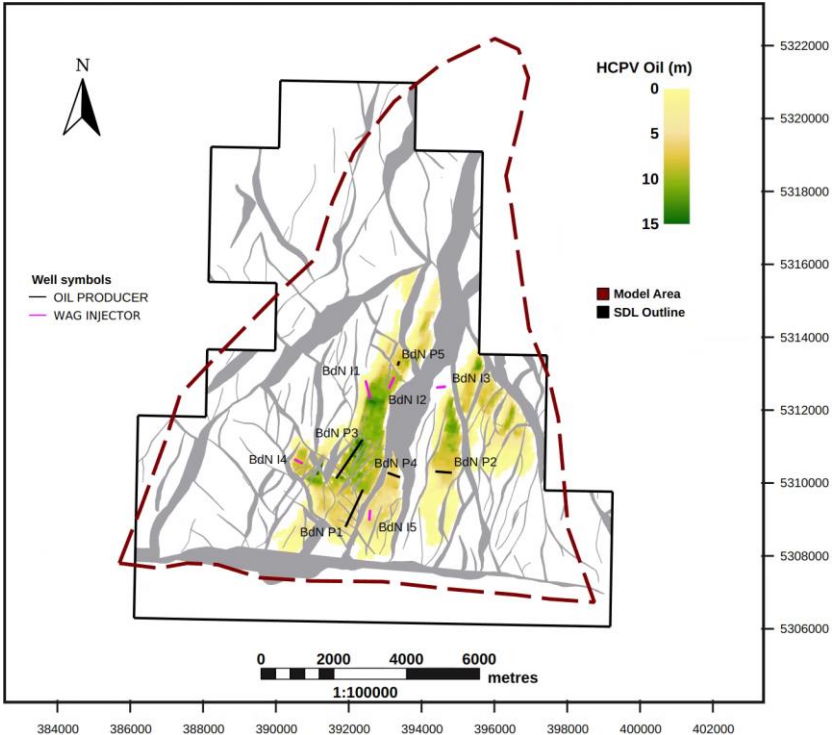
**Reflects initial two fields. Future tiebacks will add hours above and beyond*



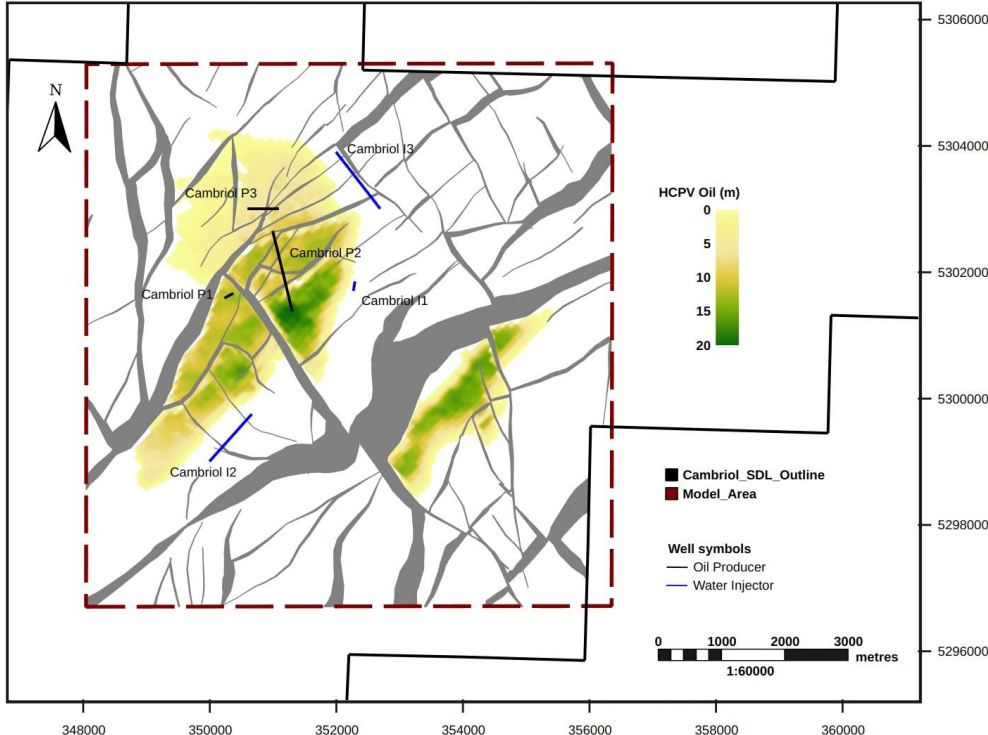
Subsurface and development drilling

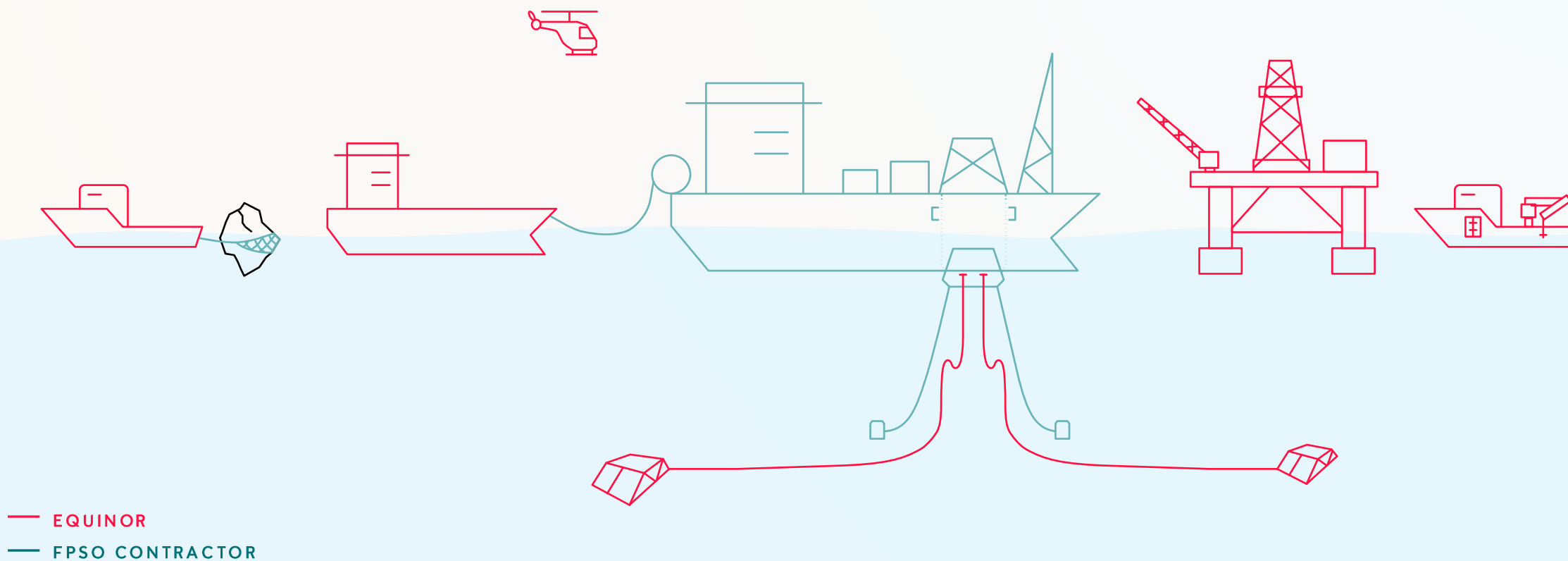
→ Initial phase → Deferred development → Development drilling

BAY DU NORD FIELD



CAMBRIOL FIELD







Asset operating model

- ✓ Staffing
- ✓ Training & competency
- ✓ Integrated operations
- ✓ Automation & control
- ✓ Reliability & maintenance
- ✓ Logistics
- ✓ Ice management
- ✓ Forecasting & monitoring
- ✓ Disconnection
- ✓ Contingency planning



Safety and environmental management



Vision



Environmental assessment conditions



Concept safety analysis



Key plans



Benefits plan

ABOUT US

DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

BENEFITS PLAN

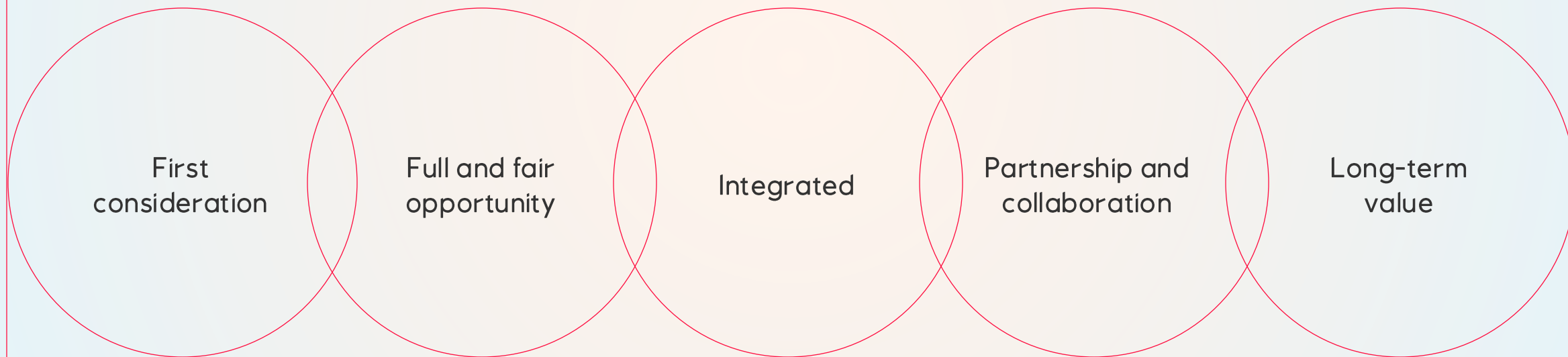
WHAT'S NEXT

Q&A

Bannerman Park, St. John's, NL



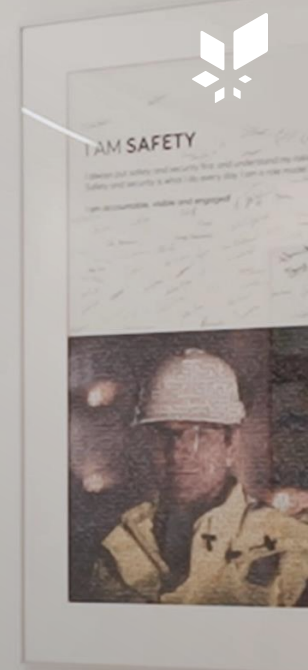
Principles for lasting local impact





Project office | St. John's, NL

- Project team
- Benefits team





Commitments

- ✓ Employment, education, and training
- ✓ Procurement and contracting
- ✓ Supplier development
- ✓ Research and development
- ✓ Monitoring, reporting, and accountability



Diversity and inclusion



Goals and targets



Workforce and employment



Supplier diversity



Building the talent pipeline



Inclusive workplace and retention



Socio-economic impact statement

1 WHAT IT DOES> 2 HOW WE USE IT> 3 ASSESSMENT & RESULTS



What's next



Looking ahead

2027

FINAL
INVESTMENT
DECISION

2031

FIRST OIL

25+

YEARS OF ACTIVITY

~\$100s millions

R&D/E&T INVESTMENTS

~31M

PERSON HOURS

~\$40B

GDP

~\$9B

LABOUR INCOME

~\$10B

ROYALTIES & TAXES

INITIAL TWO FIELDS



THANK YOU



Q&A

[ABOUT US](#)

[DEVELOPMENT APPROACH](#)

[BENEFITS PLAN](#)

[WHAT'S NEXT](#)

[Q&A](#)



Disclaimer

As used in this presentation, the term “Equinor” and such terms as “the company,” “the corporation,” “our,” “we,” “us” and “its” may refer to Equinor ASA, one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries, or to all of them taken as a whole. These terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate companies.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements concerning Equinor’s business, financial condition and results of operations that are based on current estimates, forecasts, and projections about the industries in which Equinor operates and the current expectations and assumptions of Equinor’s management. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than statements of historical facts, including, among others, statements regarding future financial, operational or sustainability performance, value creation, growth, investments, costs, expenditures, returns, distributions, technological innovation, exploration and production, levels or development of capacity, reserves and resources, portfolios and execution, development or performance of projects and fields, management objectives and targets, our expectations as to the achievement of certain targets (including those related to our climate ambitions) and expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including strategies, plans (including our energy transition plan), ambitions or outlook. In some cases, we use words such as “aim”, “ambitions”, “continue”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “could”, “opportunity”, “potential”, “estimate”, “expect”, “goals”, “indicative”, “intend”, “may”, “objectives”, “commitment”, “outlook”, “plan”, “strategy”, “guidance”, “risks”, “schedule”, “seek”, “should”, “target”, “will” or similar statements or variations of such words and other similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such terms.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Rather, they are based on current views and assumptions and are, by their nature, subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the company’s control and are difficult to predict, that may cause actual results or developments to differ materially from any future results or developments expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by forward-looking statements include, among others: levels of industry product supply, demand and pricing, in particular in light of significant oil price volatility; unfavorable macroeconomic conditions and inflationary pressures; exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations; geopolitical, social and/or political instability, including worsening trade relations and tariffs; levels and calculations of reserves or resources and material differences from such estimates; regulatory stability and access to resources, including attractive renewable and low carbon opportunities; changes in market demand and supply and policy support from governments for renewables; the effects of climate change and changes in stakeholder sentiment and regulatory requirements regarding climate change; inability to meet strategic objectives; the development and use of new technology; failure to prevent or manage digital and cyber disruptions to our information and operational technology systems and those of third parties on which we rely; operational problems, including cost inflation in capital and operational expenditures; unsuccessful drilling; availability of adequate infrastructure at commercially viable prices; the actions of field partners, commercial and strategic partners and other third-parties; reputational damage; the actions of competitors; failure to effectively deploy new technologies or deficiencies in their implementation; the actions of the Norwegian state as majority shareholder and exercise of ownership by the Norwegian state; changes or uncertainty in or non-compliance with laws and governmental regulations, conditions or requirements; inability to obtain relevant approvals from governments and other parties for activities and transactions; adverse changes in tax regimes; the political and economic policies of Norway and other oil-producing countries; regulations on low-carbon value chains; liquidity, interest rate, equity and credit risks; risk of losses relating to trading and commercial supply activities; an inability to attract and retain personnel; ineffectiveness of crisis management systems; inadequate insurance coverage; health, safety and environmental risks; physical security risks to personnel, assets, infrastructure and operations from hostile or malicious acts; failure to meet our ethical and social standards; actual or perceived non-compliance with legal or regulatory requirements and other factors discussed under “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2025, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Readers should also consult any further disclosures we may make in documents we file with or furnish to the SEC.



Disclaimer

All oral and written forward-looking statements made on or after the date of this presentation and attributable to Equinor are expressly qualified in their entirety by the above factors. Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of Equinor speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by applicable law, we do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The achievement of our climate ambitions depends, in part, on broader societal shifts in consumer demands and technological advancements, each of which are beyond our control. Should society's demands and technological innovation not shift in parallel with our pursuit of our energy transition plan, our ability to meet our climate ambitions will be impaired.

This presentation also contains financial information which is not presented in accordance with International Financial reporting Standards (IFRS). Please refer to our filings with the SEC for disclosures and reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measures of non-IFRS financial measures contained herein. This presentation may contain certain forward-looking non-IFRS measures such as organic capex, cash flow from operations after taxes paid (CFFO), free cash flow and ROACE. We are unable to provide a reconciliation of these forward-looking non-IFRS measures as they are not reconcilable to their most directly comparable IFRS measures without unreasonable efforts because the amounts excluded from the relevant IFRS measures used to determine these forward-looking non-IFRS measures cannot be predicted with reasonable certainty.

We use certain terms in this presentation, such as "resource" and "resources", that the SEC's rules prohibits us from including in our filings with the SEC. Readers are urged to consider closely the disclosures in our Form 20-F, SEC File No. 1-15200, (available at Equinor's website www.equinor.com and www.sec.gov).

These materials shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any offer, solicitation or sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to the registration or qualification under the securities laws of such jurisdiction.



THANK YOU